

These slides can be presented at one of your meetings if you wish

Written by Sharon Cullwick (NZPIF President)



Handy hints from the NZPIF Desk

Two important things to remember

- As well as ensuring your property complied with the new insulation requirements you must give tenants a signed statement of what insulation is in your property by 1st July 2019. (must be signed independent of Tenancy Agreement signature)
- Must also give tenants a statement that you will comply with the Healthy Homes Standards.



May 2019 Privacy Commission released their guidelines for information that a Landlord can collect. (www.privacy.org.nz)

COLLECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION BY LANDLORDS

- As a landlord, you want tenants who will care for your property and fulfil their obligations. The pre-tenancy stage is an opportunity to gather information that will help you make your decision.
- . However, you need to balance this with the privacy of your prospective tenants. You may only collect information that's necessary for you to decide whether they would be a suitable tenant.
- · Collect the minimum amount of personal information necessary to make that decision. For instance, if a credit report shows that an applicant is creditworthy, there's no need to collect their
- The Human Rights Act prevents a landlord from discriminating against a tenant based on their age, gender, sexual orientation, nationality, race, employment status, marital status or beliefs. Since you can't use this information to choose a tenant, it's not necessary to collect it.

What information can you collect BEFORE deciding whether someone will be a suitable tenant?

- Always Name and proof of identity
- justified . Contact information
 - · Name and contact information for current landlord
 - · One or two previous landlords as references
 - · Expected length of tenancy applied for
 - · Whether the applicant has ever been evicted
 - · Pet ownership
 - · Whether the applicant must give notice at their current accommodation
 - · Authorisation to perform a criminal record check
 - · Number of occupants who will live in the unit

Sometimes ustified

- · Personal references where landlord references aren't available
- · Current income verification (e.g. pay slips, redacted bank statements) where satisfactory references aren't available
- Authorisation to collect a credit report where satisfactory references aren't available
- Whether the prospective tenant is a smoker if it's a non-smoking property
- Reasons for leaving previous tenancy

Almost ustified

- Broad consent to collect personal information . Current expenses from "other sources"
- Driver licence number
- Credit card information Proof of insurance
- Nationality, ethnicity, origin or citizenship

 Languages spoken
- Physical or mental disability or illness
- Personal beliefs or opinions
- Marital and family status
- Gender and sexual orientation
- Rent paid at previous tenancy
- Sports and hobbies

- Conflicts with previous neighbour tenants or building managers
- Details about current accommodation
- Banking history
- Employment history
- Age
- Employment status

What can you collect AFTER you've selected a tenant?

Once you've selected your tenant, you may be justified in collecting additional information that you didn't need at the pre-tenancy stage, such as-

- · payment information you'll need to collect rent
- name and number / address of an emergency contact person
- · vehicle information, such as vehicle registration number, make and model, if the tenant will be parking on your
- Name and number of emergency contacts.





These are some things which you are 'Almost Never Justified to Collect'

- Broad consent to collect information from other sources
- Interesting that you should never collect a copy of a persons Drivers Licence number (not sure how you can do an accurate Credit check without this one!)
- Employment history
- Age (although this can be worked out)
- Employment status
- Rent paid at previous tenancy



Handy Hint

- Ensure your tenants and the Bond Centre have the correct 'Address for Service' especially if your have long-term tenants and you have shifted or changed your email address during that time.
- If renting out your property to groups like The Salvation Army check you can get insurance before you sign any agreements with them
- If your property is empty for 60 days let your insurance company know (check the small print as some are different)